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## Arjuna – an herbal drug of present era and its different medicinal formulations, a review

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## Abstract:

There are number of herbs and medicinal plants mentioned in old classics of Ayurveda. Arjuna is one of them. In spite of having a proven potent cardio protective property in stem bark, it also exhibits other beneficial properties owing to its various bioactivities. Both modern as well as ancient sciences like Ayurveda had studied this herb in its depth. Here an attempt is made to elaborate its clinical utility according to both the science faculties. It has vast number of applications and not merely helpful in cardiac ailments. Its various forms like Arjuna Churna, Kwath, Ksheer Paka, Kalpa, Arjunarishta etc are studied for its vivid applications.

Keywords: Arjuna Churna, Kwath, Ksheer Paka, Kalpa, Arjunarishta

### **Introduction:**

Terminalia arjuna is one of the famous herb mentioned in Ayurveda classics which is used for heart care. Other than heart care, it is also used in diabetic conditions, skin health, hair health, Vajikarana, Medoroga, disorderd of Asthi Dhatu, Raktaj Vikara kshataetc. In all the above mentioned ailments and other diseases also, different form of Arjuna are been used. Acharya were well versed with the pharmacognosy of Arjuna, they knew the differential extraction for its useful component meant for particular disease. A through study is undertaken to illuminate the clinical utility of the same.

## Arjuna -

Latin name – Terminalia arjuna

Rasa – Kashaya

*Virya* – *Sheet* 

Vipaka – Katu

Prabhava- Hrudya

Parts used – bark (Twak)

Guna -

ककुभ:शीतलोहृद्य:क्षतक्षयविषास्त्रजित् |

मेदोमेहव्रणान्हन्तितुवरःकफपित्तह्रुत् ||

- Bhavaprakasha

पार्थःपथ्यःक्षतेभग्नेरक्तस्तंभनकृच्छयोः |

- Rajvallabha

Acharya Charaka had categorized this drug under Udarda Prashamana Mahakashaya, in Kashaya Skanda and for Dantadhavana. Acharya Sushruta had categorized it under Nyagrodhadi Gan and Salasaradi Gan. While Acharya Vagbhata had categorized it under Virtarvadi Gan and Salasaradi Gan. It can be used as a single herb for the treatment or along with other drugs in a formulation.

The form of the herb used along with its mode of action in particular disease can be briefed as follows;

### Arjuna churna –

It is made up of stem of the Terminalia Arjuna plant. It forms the base to many other *Kalpana* to be made out of the raw drug. But here it can be used in *Churna* form also. It can be used locally in form of *Lepa* for smoothening of skin and other skin disorders. Can be ingested in dose of 2-5 grams along with appropriate *Anupana* in *Yakrut Vikara*, *Twak Vikara*, *Vrana*, *Raktapitta*, *Kshaya*, lipid imbalance and cardiac disorders. Local application as *Raktastmbhak* along with *Haridra* after *Jalaukacharan* as per *Vrudh Vaidya Parampara*.

#### Kwath Kalpana -

Decoction of Arjuna Twak is prepared and used freshly in number of disorders. One part of Arjuna Twak coarse powder is boiled in 16 parts of water till 1/4<sup>th</sup> is remaining, then it is filtered to obtain Kwath. It can be used in the dose of 60 – 100 ml in divided doses along with appropriate Anupana. It can be given in Pittaj Vikara or hyperacidity along with Sita. Owing to its Kashaya Rasa and wound healing property, it can be given in ulcer conditions of GIT. It can be given along with other drugs in symptomatic relief in hypertension. It can also be used with Anupana of honey in Medoroga. For Stambhana in bleeding disorders. Also it is used for Yonidhavan in Shwetpradara or Yonistrav and Kandu along with Triphala, Yashti and Darvi kwath as per Vrudh Vaidya Parampara.

## Arjuna Ghan -

Acharya Sharangdhar had mentioned the procedure to make Ghan. It is termed as Rasakriya. The Kwath of respective raw drug is prepared as mentioned, and then this Kwath after filtration is again subjected to heat. Continuous stirring of the Kwath with application of heat results in thick consistency of the medicine and then it is rolled into pills to get Ghan Vati. Thus prepared Arjuna Ghan isRasayana in quality and can be used in conditions like hypertension, Bhagna, Vrana, Raktapitta, Vajikarana, Kshaya, Kshata etc. Acharya Sushruta had mentioned the treatment of Dhwajbhanaga (Erectile dysfunction) is to be done according to Vrana Chikitsa, and in it Arjuna can be used.

## Arjuna Ksheer Paka -

Acharya Sharangdhara had mentioned the special procedure of Ksheer Paka which is Upakalpana of Kwath and milk is used as intermediate to prepare it. Here three different procedures are mentioned in various Ayurveda classics, these are;

## a) Sharangdhara Samhita -

Arjuna Twak - one part

Cow milk - 8 parts

Water - 32 parts

Above mentioned ingredients are taken in prescribed quantity and is subjected to mild heat. The heat is given till the milk part is remaining. Then it is filtered immediately and is given as medicine freshly.

### b) Acharya Vagbhata –

Arjuna Kwath is prepared as mentioned by Sharangdhara Samhita. Then equal quantity of Kwath and cow milk is subjected to heat. The heat is given till the milk part is remaining. Thus we get Arjuna Ksheer Paka.

## c) Acharya Yadavji Trikamji -

In his text of Siddha Aushadhi Samgraha, Acharya had mentioned the procedure to prepare Arjuna Ksheer Paka.

Arjuna Twak- one part

Cow milk - 15 parts

- 15 parts

Above mentioned ingredients are taken in prescribed quantity and subjected to heat. The milk part is then filtered and used in various disorders.

Here the medium of drug preparation is taken as milk. If we go through the chemistry of milk, it is a heterogeneous mixture in which fat, proteins and other complex components are emulsified in globules to form a colloid. The fat soluble active principles as well as water soluble

active principles are been extracted by this procedure and thus we can get the desired medicinal properties in final formulation. This formulation is cardio protective and cardio tonic in angina and poor coronary circulation. It can be used in cirrhosis of liver.

## Arujunarishta –

It is mentioned in *Bhaishajyaratnavali Hrudrog Adhikara*.

## हत्फुफुसगदान्सर्वान्हन्तयंबलमोजकत्।

With highest percentage of Arjuna, the formulation Arjunarishta has other ingredients namely, Madhuka, Draksha, Dhatki and jiggery. Arjunarishta contains many phytochemicals that function as antioxidants. Phytochemicals like flavonoids, glycosides, phenolic acids, and triterpenoids show antioxidant effects and free radical scavenging ability. This free radical scavenging activity may effectively prevent liver and kidney damage. It can be used in Kshata, Ksheen disorders, i.e. diseases related to lungs and respiratory system. It is primarily indicated in mild to moderate hypertension which may be primary or secondary. Arjunarishta can also be taken as a Rasayana for maintaining health of Saptadhatu and Oja.

#### Inference -

Few of the prime Kalpana and formulations are been discussed owing to the differential use of Arjuna in various health ailments. Apart from it there are many other formulations where Arjuna is been used and this medicines are in vogue. Prabhakar Vati, Pushyanug Churna, Ayaskriti are few of them which has wide clinical utility. This highlights the present day importance of Arjuna and gives us new insight for it effective clinical application in various health conditions.

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