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Haritaki; a comprehensive herb, a review

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Abstract:

Ayurveda has described the ways to live a healthy life. It describes number of herbs and other drugs in form of potent medication. Also they are been use for maintaining the health and for prevention from diseases. Haritaki is one such important herb mentioned in Ayurveda. Most noble medication along with primly stated as main Rasayana in Charaka Samhita, Haritaki proves its utility in various conditions. Here the herb Harikati is studied with its Panchabhautik Gunas, comprehensive clinical utility along with its number of applications in various forms.

Keywords: Haritaki, Rasayana, Panchabhautik Gunas

Introduction:

Terminalia chebula is one of the important drug mentioned in Ayurveda classics. Owing to its vivid applications, it is used in conditions related to digestion, skin health, metabolism, immunity, bowel health rejuvenation etc. Acharya Charaka had given prime place to Haritaki by mentioning it in first chapter of Rasayana Adhikar - Abhayamlki Rasyana Pada. Also number of Ayurveda classics had given various types of application of *Haritaki* in respective health conditions. Bhavprakasha had mentioned the Rasayana use of Haritaki with respect to each season – Rutu and is termed as Rutu Haritaki. Considering the all-round qualities of this drug – Haritaki a comprehensive review is stated for its health applications.

Haritaki

Latin name -Terminalia chebula

Rasa – Pancha rasa

Phala Majja – Madhura,

Snayu – Amla

Vrunta – Tikta

Twak – Katu

Asthi - Kashaya

Virya – Ushna

Vipaka – Madhur

Doshaghnata – Tridoshaghna

Guna –

हरीतकी पञ्चरसां उष्णं अलवणां शिवाम

दोषा अनुलोमन.....

• Charak Chikitsa 1

Acharya Charaka had described the qualities of Haritaki in details. Acharya states that Haritaki is Lagu, Deepan Pachaka, Vyaya Sthapak, Budhi Indriya Bala Dayak, and can be used in various conditions like Kushta, Vishamjwara, Shirorog, Atisara, Vibandha, Kasa, Prameha, Anaha etc.

चर्विता वर्धयत्यग्नि पेषिता मलशोधिनी |

स्विन्न संग्राहिनी पथ्या भृष्टा प्रोक्ता त्रिदोषनुत | |

Here the multi-dimensional use of *Haritaki* fruit is explained. If one use it by chewing – it ignites digestive fire and improves digestion, when consumed by breaking it in form of *Churna* – it acts as *Malashodhini* which helps in clearing the bowel, by application of steam when it is cooked and used the it acts like *Samgrahi* and when used by just subjecting it to normal frying it acts on all three *Dosha*.

वर्ण्य मुष्णं सरं मेध्यं दोषघ्नं शोथ कुष्ठनुत | कषायं दीपनं चाम्लं चक्षुष्यं चाभयाफलं | |

• Sushrut S.

Acharya Sushrut states the qualities of Haritaki as Sara, Medhya, Shotha – Kushtaghna, Deepana and Chakshushya.

Acharya Charaka had categorized and stated in following Mahakashayas, Arshoghna, Kushtahgna, Kashara, Jwarahara, Prajasthapana and VayaSthapana. While Acharya Sushrut had stated the Haritaki in best of Phala Virechana Gana.

There are seven types of *Haritaki* mentioned in classics. Owing their properties or the geographical location of cultivation they were categorized. These are, *Jevanti, Pootana, Amruta, Vijaya, Abhaya, Rohini* and *Chetaki*. Among these varieties the *Abhaya* is said to be the most useful and is used widely.

The medicinal use which is relevant in present day context is that of *Rutu Haritaki*,

सिन्ध्रत्थ शर्करा शुण्ठी कणा मधुगुडै: सह | वर्षादिश्वभया सेव्या रसायनगुणैषिणा ।।

Here *Haritaki* is to be administered in the form of powder with one *Anupana* in the respective Rutu. Each Rutu has the Dosha Prakopa – Prasham and Chaya. Accordingly the six Rutu and their Anupana to be taken along with Haritaki are as follows,

Rutu	Haritaki + Anupana
Shishira	Pippali – Kana
Vasanta	Madhu – honey
Grishma	Guda – jagary
Varsha	Saindhava – salt
Sharada	Sharkara – sugar
Hemanta	Sunthi

The above stated method of use of Haritaki is Rasayana. But if we study the Rutu and their Dosha Sthiti or position, we can easily use the mentioned Haritaki formulation of Rutu Haritaki elsewhere according to Dosha vitiation. Like if one gets over exhausted or fatigue due to excess of heat – Pitta in body, then one can use the Shishir or Grishma Rutu Haritaki formulation in such condition, this will pacify the heat factor and also will be soothing for the person. Same is applicable for Vata vitiation, Vata Dosha is vitiated in Varsha Rutu so in Vata vitiation when it occurs in body we can use the Rutu Haritaki mentioned in Varsha Rutu – i.e. Haritaki along with Saindhava lavana. The mature fruit of Terminalia Chebula contains Chebulic acid, triethyl ester, gallic acid, palmic acid, terchebulin along with punicalagin and teaflavin. These chemical constituents impart it with laxative, antifaltulent, digestive, antioxidant and stomachic properties.

There are many medicinal formulations stated in Ayurveda classics which contains *Haritaki* as one of the ingredient. Some of which are as follows,

Triphala –

This is the combination of three herbs viz; Hirda, Amla and Behda in equal quantity. It is useful in many disease conditions and balances Tridosha. It also act as mild laxative. It can be used in various forms, doses, with different Anupana according to diseases and also at different Aushadha Sevana Kala to get multidimensional effects.

Abhayarishta –

It is the alcoholic extract of *Haritaki* and other drugs. This classical preparation is mainly used in treatment of hemorrhoids and disturbed gastric fire – *Jatharagni*.

Haritaki in Churna form –

हरीतकी स्यात्सह भोजनेन |

अन्नपान कृतान्दोषान वात्पित्तकफोत्भवान । ।

If the powder of *Haritaki* is taken along with food, it is said to neutralize the untoward effects caused by faulty food and thereby balance Tridosha.

Gandharva Haritaki -

Haritaki prepared by frying it in castor oil is termed as Gandharva Haritaki. It is mild purgative in nature and used in constipation. It also alleviates the Vata disorders elsewhere in the body.

There are many formulations mentioned in both Brihatrai and Laghutrai which includes Haritaki as one of the important ingredient. Besides this, there are some formulations which are in vogue are listed as follows,

Gomutra Haritaki

Guda Haritaki

Shivshar Pachak Churna

Haritakyadi Churna

Abhyadi Modaka

Agastya Haritaki etc.

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